Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Zydus Wellness Products Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Zydus Wellness Products Limited** ("the Company"), which comprises of the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA" s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for
 expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place
 and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the accompanying financial statements.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133
 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on March 31, 2024, and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal controls with reference to financial statements.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact, wherever necessary, of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 27 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024;

iv.

- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the company from any persons or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year covered by our audit.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that no audit trail enabled at the database level for accounting software SAP S/4 HANA to maintain log for any direct data changes. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instances of the audit trail feature being tempered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For, Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants (FRN: 102511W/W100298)

Sd/-

Anik S. Shah

Partner

(Membership No: 140594)

ICAI UDIN: 24140594BKAJTT2211

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024

Annexure - "A" to the INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Zydus Wellness Products Limited of even date]

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) In respect of the Company's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) As per the physical verification program of the Company, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets, certain property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress and right-of-use assets were physically verified during the year by the Management. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment and capital workin-progress are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) In respect of inventories;
 - (a) The inventories, (other than goods-in-transit and stocks held with third parties) were physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals. For inventories held with third parties at the year-end, written conformations have been obtained and in respect of goods-in-transit, subsequent evidence of receipts has been linked with the inventory records. In our opinion and based on information and explanations given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories when compared with the books of account.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, at any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets, and hence reporting under clause (ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (iii) In our opinion, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other party during the year. The Company has made investments in a company in respect of which the requisite information is provided in clause as below to the extent applicable. The Company has not made any investment in firms, limited liability partnership or any other party during the year.
 - (a) During the year, the Company has not provided any loans, advances in nature of loans, guarantee or provided any security to any other entity.
 - (b) During the year, the investments made are prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the company. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other party during the year.

- (c) During the year, the Company has not provided any loans and advances in nature of loans and hence reporting under clause 3(iii) (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or given any loans as specified under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act. In respect of the investments made by the Company, the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act have been complied with.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended, prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, *prima facie*, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained by the Company. We have, however, not made detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2024 on account disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Year	Amount Involved (₹ in Millions)	Amount Unpaid (₹ in Millions)	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act	Income Tax	A.Y. 2008-09, 2009-20, 2010-11, 2012-13	614.76 (*)	454.18	High Court
Income Tax Act	Income Tax	A.Y. 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19	965.93 (*)	965.93	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
Income Tax Act	Income Tax	A.Y. 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15	215.33 (*)	195.33	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act	Income Tax	A.Y. 2017-18	8.55	6.84	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act	Income Tax	A.Y. 2015-16	135.80 (*)	135.80	Assessing Officer
Central Excise Act	CENVAT Credit	2015-16, 2017-18	47.81	43.04	Additional Commissioner & Commissioner
Central Excise Act	CENVAT Credit	2011-12, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16	91.84	84.97	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal

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Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	1994-95, 1996-97, 1997-98, 1999-00, 2000-01, 2001-02, 2002-03, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15	118.51(*)	102.89	High Court
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18	114.99 (*)	77.33	Appellate Tribunal
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	2021-22	1.86	-	Appellate Tribunal
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	2013-14	4.87	-	Appellate Revision Board
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	1995-96, 1996-97, 2001-02, 2002-03, 2003-04, 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, 2019-20	672.64 (*)	599.62	Appellate Authority up to Commissioner's Level/ Appellate Revision Board
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	2017-18, 2019-20	92.79	92.79	Appellate Authority up to Commissioner's Level/ Appellate Revision Board
Goods & Services Tax, Central Sales Tax Act, Local Sales Tax Act	Sales Tax including Interest and Penalty as applicable	2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19	20.33	16.63	Authority up to Additional Commissioner & Commissioner
Haryana Land Development Act	Local Area Development Tax	2000-01, 2001-02, 2002-03, 2003-04	20.16 (*)	16.60	Supreme Court
Indian Stamp Act	Stamp Duty	1994-95	186.30 (*)	186.30	High Court

^(*) Pursuant to the acquisition of business of Heinz India Private Limited vis-à-vis share purchase agreement entered in to with Heinz Italia SPA, the seller, Zydus Wellness Products Limited has entered into a definitive agreement with the said seller for protecting itself towards any tax obligations that may be dwelled upon on the Company for the period prior to the acquisition of business of Heinz India Private Limited. The above table shows the details of Contingent Liabilities which are actually revolving on the Company as on the balance sheet date. However, by virtue of the indemnity clause imbibed with the erstwhile seller management, the Company is safeguarded from any tax demand that may arise in future on account of the above said tax

litigations so far as it relates to the pre-acquisition period cases, as the cited tax obligations are being borne by the exchequer of erstwhile seller.

(viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.

(ix)

- (a) In our opinion, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
- (b) The Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institutions or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion, term loans availed by the Company were, applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries. The Company neither have investment in any associate nor in joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary companies (as defined under the Act). The Company neither have investment in any associate nor in joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2024.

(x)

- (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partially or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi)

- (a) In our opinion, considering the principles of materiality as outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our Opinion, the Company is in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In respect of internal audits:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

(xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvi)

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi) (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable.
- (b) The Group has more than one Core Investment Companies (CIC) (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). There are two CIC forming part of the Group.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to further viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Company has met the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, however, in the absence of average net profits in the immediately three preceding years, there is no requirement for the Company to spend any amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For, Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants (FRN: 102511W/W100298)

Sd/-

Anik S. Shah Partner

(Membership No: 140594)

ICAI UDIN: 24140594BKAJTT2211

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024

Annexure - "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Zydus Wellness Products Limited of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Zydus Wellness Products Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial

control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For, Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants (FRN: 102511W/W100298)

Sd/-

Anik S. Shah Partner

(Membership No: 140594)

ICAI UDIN: 24140594BKAJTT2211

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024

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Balance Sheet as at March 31, 7	2024	≢ in M	lillions
aitculais	Note		larch 31
TS: Non-Current assets: Property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Financial assets: Investments Other financial assets Other non-current assets Assets for tax [net] Current assets: Inventories Financial assets: Inventories Financial assets Other non-current assets Assets for tax [net] Current assets: Inventories Financial assets: Other current assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents Other current financial assets Other current assets Asset classified as held for sale	No.	2024	2023
SSETS:			
Non-Current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment	3 [A]	2,157	2,
Capital work-in-progress	3 [C]	57	
Goodwill	3 [B]	19,106	22
Other intangible assets	3 [B]	5,408	5
Financial assets:			
Investments	4	39	
Other financial assets	5	34	
Other non-current assets	6	109	
Assets for tax [net]	7	37	
Commont associates		26,947	31
	8	4,591	4
		4,531	
	9	721	
	10	2,683	1
	11 [A]	623	_
·	11 [B]	1,591	
•	12	294	
	13	936	
outer current assess		11,439	8
Asset classified as held for sale	14	357	
otal		38,743	39
ocai		30,743] 33
QUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
QUITY:			
Equity share capital	15	2,188	2
Other equity	16	23,159	24
TARTI TITEC		25,347	26
	17	2,000	1
	42	26	_
	18	6	
	19	120	
	20	3,636	4
	21	7	
		5,795	5
	22	2.275	
Borrowings Lease liabilities	42	3,375 14	3
	42	14	
Trade payables: Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises	23	302	
Dues to other than Micro and Small Enterprises	23	3,084	2
Other financial liabilities	23	206	۷,
Other financial liabilities Other current liabilities	24 25	348	
	25 26		
Provisions	26	7,601	7
otal			
otal laterial Accounting Policies	2	38,743	39
lates to the Financial Statements	1 to 47		I

Notes to the Financial Statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report of even date
For Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 102511W/W100298

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Anik S. Shah	Dr. Sharvil P. Patel	Tarun Arora	Umesh V. Parikh	Nandish P. Joshi
Partner	Chairman	Whole Time Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Membership Number: 140594	DIN: 00131995	DIN: 07185311		Membership Number: A39036
Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad
Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024

1 to 47

Zydus Wellness Products Limited			
[CIN: U15400GJ2019PLC106866] Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended Ma	urch 31, 2024		
Particulars	Note	₹ in M	lillions
	No.	Year ended	March 31
		2024	2023
INCOME:			
Revenue from operations	28	22,892	22,2
Other income	29	123	
Total Income		23,015	22,2
EXPENSES:			
Cost of materials consumed		8,976	9,5
Purchases of stock-in-trade		2,910	3,0
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	30	(101)	(6
Employee benefits expense	31	1,569	1,3
Finance costs	32	367	1
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3 [A], 3 [B]	4,088	4,1
Other expenses	33	6,715	5,9
Net [gain]/ loss on foreign currency transactions		(1)	
Total Expenses		24,523	23,5
Loss before exceptional items and tax		(1,508)	(1,2
Less: Exceptional items	34	142	1
Loss before Tax		(1,650)	(1,3
Less: Tax expense:			
Current tax	35	_	
Deferred tax	35	(759)	(!
		(759)	(!
Loss for the year		(891)	3)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME [OCI]:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Re-measurement gains on post employment defined benefit plans		4	
Income tax effect	35	(1)	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year [net of tax]		3	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year [net of tax]		(888)	(1
Basic Earnings per equity share [EPS] before exceptional items [in ₹]	36	(4.27)	(4
Basic Earnings per equity share [EPS] after exceptional items [in ₹]	36	(5.08)	(4
Diluted Earnings per equity share [EPS] before exceptional items [in ₹]	36	(3.42)	(3
Diluted Earnings per equity share [EPS] after exceptional items [in ₹]	36	(4.07)	(3
Material Accounting Policies	2		
Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 47		
As per our report of even date For and on behalf of the Board	•		

As per our report of even date For Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 102511W/W100298

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Anik S. Shah	Dr. Sharvil P. Patel	Tarun Arora	Umesh V. Parikh	Nandish P. Joshi
Partner	Chairman	Whole Time Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Membership Number: 140594	DIN: 00131995	DIN: 07185311		Membership Number: A39036
Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad
Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024

Zvdus Wellness Products Limited [CIN: U15400GJ2019PLC106866] Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 Particulars ₹ in Millions Year ended March 2023 A. Cash flows from operating activities: Loss before tax (1,650) (1,352)Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation expense 4,088 4,101 Net [gain]/ loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment (37 Net gain on sale of investments (14 (11) Net gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss (4 (1) Expected credit loss on trade receivables [net] Interest income (99) (8) Interest expense, Bank commission and charges 255 367 (27 Amortisation of deferred revenue on Government grants (7) Provisions for probable product expiry claims and return of goods 50 Provision for employee benefits Operating profit before working capital changes 2,665 3,029 Adjustments for: Increase in inventories (92 (953) Increase in trade receivables (726 (620)Increase in other assets (51 (264) Increase/ [Decrease] in trade payables 561 (587) Decrease in other liabilities (12 (22)Cash generated from operations Direct taxes paid [net of refunds] (23 (10) Net cash from operating activities 2,322 573 Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of Property, plant and equipment and Other intangible assets (231) (328) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Investment in liquid mutual funds [net] (272 (269) Investments in non-current fixed deposit [net] Purchase of non-current investments in subsidiaries (31)Purchase of non-current investments -other than subsidiaries (7 8 Interest received Net cash used in investing activities (384) (615)C. Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from non-current borrowings 200 Repayment of non-current borrowings [including current maturities] (825) (3,480)Current Borrowings [net - (repayment)/ taken] 1,075 2,900 Repayment of lease liabilities (17 (15) Interest paid (332 (258) Net cash from/ [used in] financing activities 101 (853) Net increase/ [decrease] in cash and cash equivalents 2,039 (895) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,070 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 175 Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in Ind AS-7 "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 2. All figures in brackets are outflows.
- 3. Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of

4. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:				₹ in Millions
Particulars		As at March 31		
raiucuidis	Note No.	2024	2023	2022
a. Cash and cash equivalents	11 [A]	623	168	1,068
b. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	11 [B]	1,591	7	2
Total		2,214	175	1,070

5. Summary of Cash and cash equivalents, liquid mutual funds and fixed deposits more than twelve months:

5. Summary of Cash and cash equivalents, liquid mutual funds and fixed deposits more than twelve months:				₹ in Millions	
Bastindana			As at March 31		
Particulars	Note No.	2024	2023	2022	
a. Cash and cash equivalents (as above)	11 [A], 11 [B]	2,214	175	1,070	
b. Investment in liquid mutual funds	9	721	431	150	
c. Fixed deposits more than 12 months	5	-	4	5	
Total		2,935	610	1,225	

6. Change in liability arising from financing activities:

₹ in Millions

Particulars		Borrowings			
Faiticulais	[Refer Note 17 and 22]		22]		
	Non-current	Current	Total		
As at March 31, 2022	5,275	230	5,505		
Cash Flow [net]	(3,480)	2,900	(580)		
As at March 31, 2023	1,795	3,130	4,925		
Cash Flow [net]	(625)	1,075	450		
Non-cash flow	830	(830)	-		
As at March 31, 2024	2,000	3,375	5,375		

As per our report of even date For Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

For and on behalf of the Board

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 102511W/W100298

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Anik S. Shah	Dr. Sharvil P. Patel	Tarun Arora	Umesh V. Parikh	Nandish P. Joshi
Partner	Chairman	Whole Time Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Membership Number: 140594	DIN: 00131995	DIN: 07185311		Membership Number: A39036
Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad	Place: Ahmedabad
Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024	Date: May 13, 2024

Zydus Wellness Products Limited [CIN: U15400G)2019PLC106866] Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

Α	Equity	share	capital:

	No. of Shares	₹ in Millions
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each, Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up:		
As at March 31, 2022	175,226,041	1,752
As at March 31, 2023	175,226,041	1,752
As at March 31, 2024	175,226,041	1,752
7% Optionally Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each, Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up:		
As at March 31, 2022	43,606,742	436
As at March 31, 2023	43,606,742	436
As at March 31, 2024	43,606,742	436

B Other equity:

₹ in Millions

	R	eserves and Sur	plus	
Particulars	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
As at March 31, 2022	34,305	1	(9,441)	24,865
Add: Loss for the year	-	-	(822)	(822)
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	4	4
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	(818)	(818)
As at March 31, 2023	34,305	1	(10,259)	24,047
Add: Loss for the year	-	-	(891)	(891)
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	3	3
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	(888)	(888)
As at March 31, 2024	34,305	1	(11,147)	23,159

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 102511W/W100298

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Anik S. Shah Dr. Sharvil P. Patel Umesh V. Parikh Nandish P. Joshi Tarun Arora Whole Time Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Partner Chairman Membership Number: A39036 Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024 DIN: 00131995 Membership Number: 140594 DIN: 07185311 Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024

Zydus Wellness Products Limited

Note: 1 - Company overview:

Zydus Wellness Products Limited ["the Company"] [CIN: U15400GJ2019PLC106866] was incorporated on February 28, 2019 and operates as an integrated consumer Company with business encompassing the entire value chain in the development, production, marketing and distribution of health and wellness products. The product portfolio of the Company includes brands like Sugar Free, I'm Lite, Everyuth, Complan, Glucon-D, Nycil, Nutralite and Sampriti Ghee. The registered office of the Company is located at Zydus Corporate Park, Scheme No. 63, Survey No. 536 Khoraj (Gandhinagar), Nr. Vaishnodevi Circle, S. G. Highway, Ahmedabad 382 481. These financial statements were authorised for issuance in accordance with a resolution passed by Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 13, 2024.

Note: 2 - Material Accounting Policies:

A The following note provides list of the Material Accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of preparation:

- A The financial statements are in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards [Ind AS] notified under the Companies [Indian Accounting Standards] Rules, 2015, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- **B** The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value at the end of the reporting periods:
 - i Derivative financial instruments
 - ii Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value [refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments]
 - iii Defined benefit plans

2 Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments are provided below. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Critical accounting judgments and estimates:

A Taxes on Income:

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/ recovered for uncertain tax positions and probability of utilisation of Minimum Alternate Tax [MAT] credit in future.

B Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, Plant and Equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. Management reviews the residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment at each reporting period end and any revision to these is recognised prospectively in current and future periods. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

C Employee Benefits:

Actuarial valuation involves key assumptions of life expectancy, discounting rate, salary increase, etc. which significantly affect the working of the present value of future liabilities on account of employee benefits by way of defined benefit plans.

D Product warranty and expiry claims:

Significant judgments are involved in determining the estimated stock lying in the market with product shelf life and estimates of likely claims on account of expiry of such unsold goods lying with stockist.

E Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Goodwill and Investments:

Significant judgment is involved in determining the estimated future cash flows from the Investments, Property, Plant and Equipment and Goodwill to determine its value in use to assess whether there is any impairment in its carrying amount as reflected in the financials.

F Contingent liabilities:

Significant judgment is involved in determining whether there is a possible obligation, that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources.

3 Foreign Currency Transactions:

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees $[\mathfrak{F}]$, which is the functional and presentation currency.

- A The transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions.
- **B** Foreign Exchange gains and losses resulting from settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end exchange rates are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- C Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of Profit and Loss within finance costs. All the other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis.
- D Investments in foreign subsidiaries and other companies are recorded in functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time when the investments were made.

4 Revenue Recognition:

A The Company has applied Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", The following is the material accounting policy related to revenue recognition under Ind AS 115.

a Sale of Goods:

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized as revenue on the basis of customer contracts and the performance obligations contained therein. Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the control of goods or services is transferred to a customer. Control lies with the customer if the customer can independently determine the use of and consume the benefit derived from a product or service. Revenues from product deliveries are recognised at a point in time based on an overall assessment of the existence of a right to payment, the allocation of ownership rights, the transfer of significant risks and rewards and acceptance by the customer. The goods are often sold with volume discounts/ pricing incentives and customers have a right to return damaged or expired products. Revenue from sales is based on the price in the sales contracts, net of discounts. When a performance obligation is satisfied, Revenue is recognised with the amount of the transaction price [excluding estimates of variable consideration] that is allocated to that performance obligation. Historical experience, specific contractual terms and future expectations of sales returns are used to estimate and provide for damage or expiry claims. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with the normal credit terms as per prevalent trade practice and credit policy followed by the Company.

b Service Income:

Service income is recognised as per the terms of contracts with the customers when the related services are performed as per the stage of completion or on the achievement of agreed milestones and are net of indirect taxes, wherever applicable.

B The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

a Interest Income:

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate [EIR]. EIR is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

b Dividend:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

c Other Income:

Other income is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

5 Government Grants

- A Government grants are recognised only when there is a reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the grants will be received.
- **B** Government grants related to revenue are recognised on a systematic and gross basis in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period during which the related costs intended to be compensated are incurred.
- C Government grants related to assets are recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

6 Taxes on Income:

Tax expenses comprise of current and deferred tax.

A Current Tax:

- a Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid on the basis of reliefs and deductions available in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.
- b Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in profit or loss. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity,

B Deferred Tax:

- a Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.
- b Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.
- c Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences including the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.
- d The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.
- e Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates [and tax laws] that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.
- f Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in profit or loss, OCI or directly in equity.
- g Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.
- h Minimum Alternate Tax [MAT] paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax.
- i The Company recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only when and to the extent there is a convincing evidence of actual utilisation of such credit and also based on historical experience that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period i.e. the period for which MAT Credit is allowed to be carried forward. Such asset, if recognised, is reviewed at each Balance sheet date and the carrying amount is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence that the Company will be liable to pay normal tax during the specified period.

7 Property, Plant and Equipment:

- A Freehold land is carried at historical cost less impairment, if any. All other items of Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition/construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. Historical cost [Net of Input tax credit received/ receivable] includes related expenditure and pre-operative & project expenses for the period up to completion of construction/ assets are ready for its intended use, if the recognition criteria are met and the present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset, if the recognition criteria for a provision are met. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred, unless they meet the recognition criteria for capitalisation under Property, Plant and Equipment.
- **B** Where components of an asset are significant in value in relation to the total value of the asset as a whole, and they have substantially different economic lives as compared to principal item of the asset, they are recognised separately as independent items and are depreciated over their estimated economic useful lives.
- C Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on "straight line method" based on the useful lives as prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. However, management reviews the residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment at each reporting period end and any revision to these is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset Class	No. of years
Leasehold Land and Building	Over the period of lease
Buildings	30 to 60 Years
Plant and Equipment	3 to 15 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office equipment	5 to 10 Years
Vehicles	8 Years

- D Depreciation on impaired assets is calculated on its residual value, if any, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.
- E Depreciation on additions/ disposals of the Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is provided on pro-rata basis according to the period during which assets are used.
- **F** Where the actual cost of purchase of an asset is below ₹ 10,000/-, the depreciation is provided @ 100%.
- $\textbf{G} \quad \text{Capital work in progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any.}$
- H An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset [calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset] is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

8 Intangible Assets:

- A Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.
- B Internally generated intangibles are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in statement of profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.
- C Goodwill arising on acquisition of business is assessed at each balance sheet date for any impairment loss.
- **D** Capitalised cost incurred towards purchase/ development of software is amortised using straight line method over its useful life as estimated by the management at the time of capitalisation.
- E Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.
- F An item of intangible asset initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de recognition of the asset [calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset] is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

9 Research and Development Cost:

- A Expenditure on research and development is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which it is incurred.
- **B** Capital expenditure on research and development is given the same treatment as Property, Plant and Equipment.

10 Borrowing Costs:

- A Borrowing costs consist of interest and other borrowing costs that are incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Other borrowing costs include ancillary charges at the time of acquisition of a financial liability, which is recognised as per EIR method. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.
- B Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition/ construction of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets, up to the date the assets are ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

11 Impairment of Non Financial Assets:

The Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, the assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or Groups of assets [cash generating units]. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment loss are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at the end of each reporting period. An impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

12 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- A Raw Materials, Stores & Spare Parts, Packing Materials, Finished Goods, Stock-in-Trade and Works-in-Progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.
- **B** Cost [Net of Input tax credit availed] of Raw Materials, Stores & Spare Parts, Packing Materials, Finished Goods, Stock-in-Trade and Work-in-Progress is determined on Moving Average Method.
- C Costs of Finished Goods and Works-in-Progress are determined by taking material cost [Net of Input tax credit availed], labour and relevant appropriate overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Write down of inventories to net realisable value is recognised as an expenses and included in "Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade" and "Cost of Material Consumed" in the relevant note in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

13 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances and demand deposits with banks.

14 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

- A Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimates can be made. A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation, that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision/disclosure is made. Provisions and contingencies are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the correct management estimates. Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed separately in financial statements.
- B If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

15 Provision for Product Expiry Claims:

Provisions for product expiry related costs are recognised when the product is sold to the customer. Initial recognition is based on historical experience. The initial estimate of product expiry claim related costs is revised annually.

16 Employee Benefits:

A Short term obligations:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including leave encashment that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured by the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

B Long term employee benefits obligations:

a Leave Wages and Sick Leave:

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months period after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore, measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method, as determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of reporting period that have the terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Gains and losses through re-measurements are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

h Defined Benefit Plans:

Gratuity:

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan with contributions to be made to a separately administered fund through Life Insurance Corporation of India through Employees Company Gratuity Plan. The Liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of the plan assets. The Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each balance sheet date using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in ₹ is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to the market yields at the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discounting rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. Such costs are included in employee benefit expenses in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Re-measurements gains or losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised immediately in the period in which they occur directly in "Other Comprehensive Income" and are included in retained earnings in the Statement of Changes in Equity and in the balance sheet. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- i Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non routine settlements;
- ii Net interest expense or income.

Company administered Provident Fund:

In case of a specified class of employees, such contributions are deposited to Heinz India Private Limited Employee Provident Fund. The rate at which the annual interest is payable to the beneficiaries by the trust is being administered by the government. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the Trust and the notified interest rate. Contributions to such provident fund are recognised as employee benefits expenses when they are due in the statement of profit and loss.

c Defined Contribution Plans - Provident Fund Contribution:

Employees of the Company receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employee and the company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. Amounts collected under the provident fund plan are deposited in a government administered provident fund. The company have no further obligation to the plan beyond its monthly contributions. Such contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and are recognised as employees benefit expenses when they are due in the statement of profit and loss.

C Employee Separation Costs:

The compensation paid to the employees under Voluntary Retirement Scheme is expensed in the year of payment.

17 Dividends:

The final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividend is recorded as liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

18 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A Financial assets:

a Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place [regular way trades] are recognised on the settlement date, i.e., the date that the Company settles to purchase or sell the asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

b Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

j Debt instruments at amortised cost:

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held with an objective of collecting contractual cash flows
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are "solely payments of principal and interest" [SPPI] on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate [EIR] method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

ii Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]:

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The asset is held with objectives of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the OCI. However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

iii Debt instruments and derivatives at fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]:

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iv Equity instruments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in other comprehensive income. The Company has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment.

However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

v Investments in subsidiaries :

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the differences between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

c Derecognition:

A financial asset [or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset] is primarily derecognised [i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet] when:

- i The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ii The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either [a] the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or [b] the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained. When the Company has transferred the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the same is derecognised.

d Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss [ECL] model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it requires the Company to recognise the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive [i.e., all cash shortfalls], discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance [or reversal] is recognized as expense/ income in the Statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

described below:
Financial assets measured as at amortised cost and contractual revenue receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet, which reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics

B Financial liabilities:

a Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

b Subsequent measurement:

Subsequently all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of profit and loss.

c Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

d Embedded derivatives:

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid [combined] instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

C Reclassification of financial assets:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model as per Ind AS 109.

D Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

19 Fair Value Measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the

a Level 1- Quoted [unadjusted] market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

- b Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- c Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation [based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole] at the end of each reporting period.

20 Business combinations and Goodwill:

- A Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred at acquisition date fair value.
- B At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition date fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. However, the Deferred tax assets or liabilities and the assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements acquired in a business combination are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind A5-12 "Income Tax" and Ind A5-19 "Employee Benefits" respectively.
- C When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.
- D Goodwill is initially measured at the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Company reassesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as Capital Reserve, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the entity recognises the gain directly in equity as Capital Reserve, without routing the same through OCI.
- E After initial recognition, Goodwill is not amortised. Goodwill is accordingly recognised at original value less any accumulated impairment. For the purpose of impairment testing, Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units.
- F A cash generating unit to which Goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any Goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for Goodwill is recognised in Statement of profit and loss. An impairment loss recognised for Goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.
- **G** If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Company reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.
- 1 Wherever any business combination is governed by the Scheme approved by the Hon'ble High Court/ National Company Law Tribunal [NCLT], the business combination is accounted for as per the accounting treatment sanctioned in the Scheme. Goodwill arising on such business combination is amortised over the period, as provided in the Scheme, as approved by the Hon'ble High Court or NCLT.

21 Leases:

As a lessee:

For any new contracts entered into, the Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset [the underlying asset] for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee:

At lease commencement date, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date [net of any incentives received].

The Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments [including in substance fixed], variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes to the in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero. The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment.

As a lessor:

As a lessor the Company classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, and classified as an operating lease if it does not.

22 Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss [excluding other comprehensive income] for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a right issue, shares split and reverse share splits [consolidation of shares] that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss [excluding other comprehensive income] for the year attributable to equity share holders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

23 Assets held for sale

Assets and liabilities of disposal groups held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. The determination of fair value less cost to sell includes use of management estimates and assumptions. The fair value of the disposal groups is estimated using valuation techniques [including income and market approach] which includes unobservable inputs.

B Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. For the year ended March 31, 2024, there are no new standards or amendments to the existing standards which are notified but not yet effective.

Note: 3 - Property, plant and equipment & Intangible Assets:

[A] Property, plant and equipment:

Gross Block:
As at March 31, 2022
Additions
Disposals
Asset held for sale **
As at March 31, 2023
Additions
Disposals
Asset held for sale **
As at March 31, 2024
Depreciation and Impairment:
As at March 31, 2022
Depreciation for the year
Disposals
Asset held for sale **
As at March 31, 2023
Depreciation for the year
Disposals
Asset held for sale **
As at March 31, 2024
Net Block:
As at March 31, 2023
As at March 31, 2024

							₹ in Millions
Freehold Land	Leasehold Land *	Buildings *	Plant and Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Total
619	162	1,161	1,758	44	21	24	3,789
-	-	132	203	4	2	9	350
-	-	-	(5)	(2)	(1)	-	(8)
-	-	(12)	(3)	(1)	-	-	(16)
619	162	1,281	1,953	45	22	33	4,115
-	-	135	142	9	11	5	302
-	-	-	(17)	-	(3)	-	(20)
-	(104)	(426)	-	-	-	-	(530)
619	58	990	2,078	54	30	38	3,867
-	14	276	1,224	26	13	11	1,564
-	2	52	113	3	2	4	176
-	-	-	(2)	(1)	-	-	(3)
-	-	(6)	(2)		-	-	(9)
-	16	322	1,333	27	15	15	1,728
-	2	53	106	3	2	6	172
-	-	-	(16)	-	(1)	-	(17)
-	(10)	(163)		-	-	-	(173)
-	8	212	1,423	30	16	21	1,710
			•				
619	146	959	620	18	7	18	2,387
619	50	778	655	24	14	17	2,157

[B] Intangible assets:

₹ in Millions

Gross Block:
As at March 31, 2022
Additions
As at March 31, 2023
Additions
Disposals
As at March 31, 2024
Amortisation and Impairment:
As at March 31, 2022
Amortisation for the year
As at March 31, 2023
Amortisation for the year
Disposals
As at March 31, 2024
Net Block:
As at March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2024

		er Intangible As	sets
Goodwill	Brand/ Trade Mark	Softwares	Total
38,768	5,387	184	5,571
-	-	5	5
38,768	5,387	189	5,576
-	-	19	19
_	-	(73)	(73)
38,768	5,387	135	5,522
11,890	-	118	118
3,886	-	39	39
15,776	-	157	157
3,886	-	30	30
-	-	(73)	(73)
19,662	-	114	114
22,992	5,387	32	5,419
19,106	5,387	21	5,408

Goodwill:

- 1 Goodwill acquired in business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units [CGUs] those are expected to get benefit from that business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill has been allocated to Consumer Health & Wellness.
- 2 The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value-in-use. The value-in-use is determined based on specific calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections for a CGU/ groups of CGU over a period of five years. An average of the range of key assumptions used is mentioned below. As of March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, the estimated recoverable amount of the CGU exceeded its carrying amount. The carrying amount of the CGU was computed by allocating the net assets to operating segments for the purpose of impairment testing. The key assumptions used for the calculations are as follows :

Particulars	As at M	larch 31
Faiticulais	2024	2023
Long Term Growth Rate	6.00%	6.50%
Discount Rate	10.50%	10.60%

The above discounted rate is based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital [WACC]. These estimates are likely to differ from future actual results of operations and cash flows.

[C] Ageing of Capital work-in-progress (CWIP):

₹ in Millions rch 31

100

23

2023

2024

55

Projects in progress:

Less than 1 year

1 - 2 years

2 - 3 years **Total Capital work-in-progress** Project execution plans are modulated on the basis of capacity requirement assessment annually and all the projects are executed based on rolling annual plans.

- $1\quad \text{Legal titles of the immovable properties are in the name of the Company [excluding lease assets]}.$
- \cite{black} Includes right of use assets, Refer Note 42 for detailed breakup.
- [**] Refer Note 14.

					₹ in Millio
		Face Value	Nos.	As at Ma	
Inve	stments in Subsidiaries	[*]	[**]	2024	2023
	Investments in equity instruments			32	
_					
Inves	stments - Others Investments in equity instruments			1	_
	Investments in debentures			6	-
Total				39	
Α	Details of Investments in Subsidiaries				
	Investments in equity instruments [valued at cost]:				
	In fully paid-up equity shares of:	DDT 10	3,625,931	22	
	Zydus Wellness (BD) Pvt Limited [35,26,000 shares subscribed during the year ended March 31, 2023]	BDT 10	3,025,931	32	
	[55/25/500 States subscribed during the feat direct Full and 51/2525]				
В	Details of Investments - Others				
	Investments in equity instruments [valued at cost]:				
	Others [Unquoted]: In fully paid-up equity shares of:				
	AMP Energy Green Thirteen Private Limited [***]	10	72,000 [0]	1	
	-				
	Investments in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures [valued at cost]:				
	Others [Unquoted]: 0.01%, AMP Energy Green Thirteen Private Limited	1,000	6,480 [0]	6	
	5.5176/78 II Endry Green Milited Milited	1,000	0, .00 [0]	ŭ	
	Total			39	
_	Assurants heat value of unsucted in order				_
C D	Aggregate book value of unquoted investment Explanations:			39	
	a. In "Face Value [*]", figures in Indian ₹, unless stated otherwise.				
	b. In "Nos. [**]" figures of previous year are same unless stated in [].				
[***]	In line with the philosophy of enhancing the share of renewable power source in its operations, the Company has entered into a Power Purchase Agreement [PPA] during the year with AMP Energy Green Thirteen Private Limited				
	[AMP] to procure agreed output of solar energy. Further, to comply with regulatory requirement for being a "captive				
	user" under the Electricity Laws, 2003, during the year, the Company has entered into the Share Purchase,				
	Subscription and Shareholder's Agreement [SPSSA] to acquire up to 0.693% stake on a fully diluted basis in AMP in				
	one or more tranches, throughout the term of the definitive agreements i.e. PPA and SPSSA.				
	Further, the Company has also subscribed to 6,480 Compulsorily Convertible Debentures [CCD] of AMP of ₹ 1,000 each carrying interest of 0.01% for a total consideration of ₹ 6 Millions.				
	cacificallying interest of 0.01 % for a total consideration of Committees.				
		•		•	
ote: 5 - 0	Other financial assets:				₹ in Milli
			i i	As at Ma	
				2024	2023
[Unse	cured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated]				
Securi	ity deposits			34	
Fixed	deposits with more than 12 months maturity			-	
Total				34	
te: 6 - (Other non-current assets:				
te: 6 - (Other non-current assets:		-		
ote: 6 - (Other non-current assets:			As at Ma	rch 31
				As at Ma 2024	
[Unse Capita	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances			2024	2023
[Unse Capita Baland	ccured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities			2024 7 102	2023
[Unse Capita	ccured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		-	2024	2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		-	2024 7 102	2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total	ccured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		=	2024 7 102	2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		-	7 7 102 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		-	2024 7 102 109	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total ote: 7 - 1	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities		=	7 7 102 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total ote: 7 - 1	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: accepayment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)]		=	2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total ote: 7 - 1	ecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: accepayment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)]		=	2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: accepayment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)]		=	2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total vte: 7 - A Advan Total	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: acce payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories:			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37	rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total vte: 7 - A Advan Total	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: accepayment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)]			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37	₹ in Milli ₹ in Milli ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total te: 7 - 1/4 Advan Total [The]	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: acce payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories:			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37	₹ in Milli ₹ in Milli ₹ in Milli
[Unse Capita Baland Total Ite: 7 - A Advand Total Ite: 8 - 1 [The I	Assets for tax [net]: Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value]			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total Ote: 7 - 1/2] Advan Total [The I Class Raw N Work-	al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] Sification of Inventories: Materials in-progress			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 1,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Dete: 8 - 1] [The 1] Class Raw N Work-Finish	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 1, 2, 2,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Advan Total [The I Class Raw N Work-Finish Stock-	al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]:			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263	₹ in Millicrch 31 2023 ₹ in Millicrch 31
[Unse Capita Baland Total Dite: 7 - 1/2] Advand Total [The 1] Class Raw N Work- Finish Stock- Stores	al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] Inventories: Inven			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 1, 2, 2,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Advan Total [The I Class Raw N Work-Finish Stock-	al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] iffication of Inventories: Materials -in-progress ed Goods -in-Trade s and Spares s:			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023 1, 2,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Otte: 7 - 1/2] Advant Total [The 1] Class Raw N Work-Finish-Stock-Stores Other:	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] iffication of Inventories: Materials -in-progress ed Goods -in-Trade s and Spares s: Packing Materials			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023 1, 2,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Inte: 7 - 1/2] Advant Total Inte: 8 - 1 [The 1 Class Raw Nork-Finish Stock-Stores Other:	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] iffication of Inventories: Materials -in-progress ed Goods -in-Trade s and Spares s: Packing Materials			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total Advan Total Total Class Now Nork-Finish Stock-Stores Others	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities Assets for tax [net]: Ince payment of tax [Net of provision for taxation of ₹ 847 Millions (as at March 31, 2023: ₹ 847 Millions)] Inventories: Inventory is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value] iffication of Inventories: Materials -in-progress ed Goods -in-Trade s and Spares s: Packing Materials			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023
[Unse Capita Baland Total Advan Total Total Class Raw N Work-Finish Stock-Stores Others	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129 274 4,591	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023 1, 2,
[Unse Capita Baland Total Ite: 7 - 1/2 Advand Total Ite: 8 - 1 [The 1 Class Now Nork-Finish Stock-Stores Other: Total Ithe al Raw Stock Stores Store	accured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] al advances ces with statutory authorities			2024 7 102 109 As at Ma 2024 37 37 37 As at Ma 2024 650 1,526 1,749 263 129 274 4,591	₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli rch 31 2023 ₹ in Milli 2023

te: 9 - Investments:							Z : A/!!!!
					Nos.	As at Ma	₹ in Millions
					[*]	2024	2023
Investment in Mutual Funds [Quoted] [Valued at fair value through profit	or loss]						
ICICI prudential Overnight Fund DP Growth					558,852.936	721	431
					[356,709.977]		
Total						721	431
A. Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof						721	431
[*] In "Nos." figures of previous year are stated in []							
to 10. Trado receivables							
te: 10 - Trade receivables:							₹ in Millions
						As at Ma	
						2024	2023
Unsecured - Considered good						2,683	1,960
Unsecured - Credit impaired						22	15
						2,705	1,975
Less: Allowances for credit losses						(22)	(15)
Total						2,683	1,960
Ageing of Trade receivables :							
[A] As at March 31, 2024						_	₹ in Millions
Particulars	Not Due			wing periods fr	om due date of		Total
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	More than 3 years	iotai
Undisputed – considered good	2,170	466	1 year 47	-	_	years -	2,683
Undisputed – have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed – credit impaired	-	-	5	8	-	4	17
Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk	-	-			-		
Disputed - credit impaired	_	-	-	-	1	4	5
Total	2,170	466	52	8	1	8	2,705
Less: Allowances for credit losses							(22
Trade Receivables							2,683
[B] As at March 31, 2023							₹ in Millions
[-]		Out	tstanding for follo	owing periods fro	m due date of pay	ment	1 111110/13
Particulars	Not Due	Less than	6 Months to 1			More than 3	Total
		6 Months	year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	years	
Undisputed – considered good	1,671	260	29	-	-	-	1,960
Undisputed – have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	2	2	3	2	- 9
			_	_		_	
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed – have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired	-	- - 1	- - - -	- - -	- - 5	- - -	
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total		- - 1 261	- - - - 31	- - - 2	- - 5 8	- - - 2	- 6 1,975
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed – have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired	-		31	2			1,975 (15)
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses	-		31	- 2			1,975
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses	-		31	2			1,975 (15)
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables	-		31	2			1,975 (15)
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses	-		31	2			1,975 (15) 1,960
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables	-		31	2			1,975 (15 1,960
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables	-		31	2		2	1,975 (15 1,960
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables	-		31	2		2 As at Ma	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed – have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand	-		31	2		As at M 2024 621 2	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total	1,671	261			8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank:	1,671	261			8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank-funds.	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tee: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank-funds.	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tee: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tee: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Re	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the see: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 As at Ma 2024	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Re	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the te: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Re	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the te: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tee: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the see: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Total Tee: 12 - Other current financial assets:	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591 1,591	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millions
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the cetter of the company to the co	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 623 1,591 1,591 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the test of the properties of the pro	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 20
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the cetter of the company to the co	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 623 1,591 1,591 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the test of the properties of the pro	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 20
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the test of the properties of the pro	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - redit impaired Disputed - redit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tet: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the set: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Total Tet: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed - considered good Disputed - redit impaired Disputed - redit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Trade Receivables Tet: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the set: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Total Tet: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 623 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591 2024 294 294	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the set: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total te: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total te: 13 - Other current assets:	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 623 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables te: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total te: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total te: 13 - Other current assets:	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at M. 2024 621 2 623 623 As at M. 2024 1,591 1,591 1,591 As at M. 2024 294 294 294	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 2023 2023 3 231 231 231 2023 231 231 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed – have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the ce: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Re: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Advances to suppliers	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 621 2 623 623 72 623 72 623 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72	1,975 (15 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the cete: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Re: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total Re: 13 - Other current assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Advances to suppliers Prepaid expenses	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294 294 294 294 294 294 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 203 231 231 231 2023 231 231 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the credit of the company seeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised of the company seeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised of the company seeps fixed deposits and cash equivalent balances held by the credit of the company seeps fixed deposits for the company seeps fixed deposits Total Total Total Tet: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total Total Total Total Tet: 13 - Other current assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Advances to suppliers Prepaid expenses Balances with statutory authorities	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Mar. 2024 As at Mar. 2024 As at Mar. 2024 1,591 1,591 As at Mar. 2024 294 294 294 294 294 294 8838	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 2023 203 231 231 2023 231 231 2023
Undisputed – credit impaired Disputed – considered good Disputed - have significant increase in credit risk Disputed - credit impaired Total Less: Allowances for credit losses Trade Receivables Re: 11 [A] - Cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks Cash on hand Total A. Company keeps fixed deposits with the Nationalised/ Scheduled bank funds. B. There are no amounts of cash and cash equivalent balances held by the cete: 11 [B] - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Fixed deposits Total Re: 12 - Other current financial assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Other receivables Total Re: 13 - Other current assets: [Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated] Advances to suppliers Prepaid expenses	1,671	261	company as per		8	As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 As at Ma 2024 1,591 1,591 As at Ma 2024 294 294 294 294 294 294 294	1,975 (15) 1,960 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 167 1 168 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 7 7 ₹ in Millions arch 31 2023 203 231 231 231 2023 231 231 2023

Note: 9 - Investments:

te: 14 -	Asset classified as held for sale:						
							₹ in Millions
						As at Ma	2023
Lease	hold land [*]					94	2023
	ngs [*]					263	6
	and equipment [*]					-	1
Total						357	7
	efer Note 3 [A] recurring fair value measurements:						
	During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Con						
	completed within a period of one year. In accordar classified as "Assets held for sale" from Property,			·			
	costs to sell.						
В.	During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Comp completed within a period of one year. In accordance of the complete of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year.						
	classified as "Assets held for sale" from Property, I			·			
	cost to sell.						
te: 15 -	Equity share capital:						
						As at Ma 2024	2023
Autho	orised:					2024	2023
	440,000,000 [as at March 31, 2023: 440,000,000]	Equity shares of ₹ 10 ea	ch		₹ in Millions	4,400	4,400
	75,000,000 [as at March 31, 2023: 75,000,000] 79	6 Optionally Convertible	Non-Cumulative Redeemable pr	eference shares of ₹ 10	₹ in Millions	750	750
	each					5,150	5,150
Issue	ed, subscribed and fully paid-up:					3,130	3,130
	175,226,041 [as at March 31, 2023: 175,226,041]	Equity share of ₹ 10 eac	h		₹ in Millions	1,752	1,752
	43,606,742 [as at March 31, 2023: 43,606,742] 79 each	6 Optionally Convertible	Non-Cumulative Redeemable pr	eference shares of ₹ 10	₹ in Millions	436	43
Total						2,188	2,188
	A. The reconciliation in number of Equity shares	is as under:				,	•
	Number of shares at the beginning and er	d of the year				175,226,041	175,226,04
	B. The reconciliation in number of 7% Optionally	Convertible Non-Cumul	lative Redeemable preference sh	nares is as under:			
	Number of shares at the beginning and en	d of the year				43,606,742	43,606,74
	C. The Company has issued equity shares and p						
	dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Co remained after distribution of all preferential		enoiders snail be entitled to prop	portionate snare of their noi	aing in the assets		
	D. 7% Optionally Convertible Non-Cumulative F	edeemable Preference s	shares [OCRPS] are redeemable	at par. At anytime during	the tenure of the		
	OCRPS, the Issuer of the OCRPS shall have i						
	tenure of the OCRPS, the Holder of the OCR conversation shall happen at a pre-determin	_		·			
	allotment. At any time during the tenure of	the OCRPS, the Compar	ny shall have a right to redeem	, all or any part of outstan	ding OCRPS. The		
	OCRPS shall carry a preferential right with re-	spect to dividend on the	paid up capital in the event of d	listribution of profits by the	company.		
	E. Details of Shareholder holding more than 5%	of shares:					
	a. Equity shares:	_					
	Zydus Wellness Limited and its nominee Number of Shares	·s				172,890,343	172,890,34
	% to total share holdi	ng				98.67%	98.67
	b. Preference shares:						
	Zydus Wellness Limited						
	Number of Shares					43,606,742	43,606,74
	% to total share holdi	ng				100%	100
	F. Number of shares held by Holding Company	and its nominees					
	a. Equity shares:						, a
	Zydus Wellness Limited					172,890,343	172,890,34
	b. Preference shares:						
	Zydus Wellness Limited					43,606,742	43,606,74
	G. Details of Equity Shares held by promoters/ p	romoter aroun					
	As at March 31, 2024	group.					
	Sr. No. Promoter's/ Promoter Group's Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the	year		
	1 Zydus Wellness Limited	172,890,343	98.67%	0.00%			
	2 Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees	2,335,698	1.33%	0.00%			
	As at March 31, 2023						
		No. of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the	year		
	Sr. No. Promoter's/ Promoter Group's Name	172,890,343	98.67%	0.00% 0.00%			
	1 Zydus Wellness Limited			11 11110/6			
			1.33%	0.0070			
	1 Zydus Wellness Limited	2,335,698	1.33%	0.0070			
	Zydus Wellness Limited Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees H. Details of Preference Shares held by promote As at March 31, 2024	2,335,698 rs/ promoter group.					
	Zydus Wellness Limited Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees H. Details of Preference Shares held by promote As at March 31, 2024 Sr. No. Promoter's/ Promoter Group's Name	2,335,698 rs/ promoter group. No. of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the	year		
	Zydus Wellness Limited Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees H. Details of Preference Shares held by promote As at March 31, 2024	2,335,698 rs/ promoter group.			year		
	Zydus Wellness Limited Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees H. Details of Preference Shares held by promote As at March 31, 2024 Sr. No. Promoter's/ Promoter Group's Name	2,335,698 rs/ promoter group. No. of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the	year		
	Zydus Wellness Limited Liva Nutritions Limited and its nominees H. Details of Preference Shares held by promote As at March 31, 2024 Sr. No. Promoter's/ Promoter Group's Name Zydus Wellness Limited	2,335,698 rs/ promoter group. No. of Shares	% of total shares	% change during the			

e: 10	- Other equity:		T : NA****
		Ac at M	₹ in Million arch 31
		2024	2023
Canit	al Reserve:	2024	2023
Саріі	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	1	
	bulline as per last bulline sincer	-	
Secu	rities Premium: [*]		
	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	34,305	34,3
Retai	ned Earnings:		
	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	(10,259)	(9,4
	Add: Loss for the year	(891)	(8
	Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year		
	Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans [net of tax]	3	
	Balance as at the end of the year	(11,147)	(10,2
			24.6
Total		23,159	24,0
[*]	Securities premium is created due to premium on issue of shares. This reserve can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.		
	2013.		
e: 17 -	Borrowings:		
e: 17 -	Borrowings:		
e: 17 -	Borrowings:	As at M	
		2024	arch 31 2023
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*]	2024 2,000	2023 1,1
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*]	2024	2023 1,
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing:	2024 2,000	2023 1,
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest.	2024 2,000	2023 1,1
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received:	2024 2,000	arch 31
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company:	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1,1 1,1
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1,; 1,;
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company:	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1,; 1,;
Loans	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1, 1,
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1, 1,
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited Total	2024 2,000 2,000	2023 1,: 1,: 1,:
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited Total	2024 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	2023 1,1
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited Total	2024 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	arch 31 2023 1,: 1,: 1,: 1,: 1,: 1,: 1,:
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited Total	2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 As at M 2024	arch 31 2023 1,1 1,1 1,1 ₹ in Millic arch 31
Loans Total [*]	from related party [Unsecured] [*] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing: The loans from holding Company are repayable within 2 years along with applicable interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received: Holding Company: a Zydus Wellness Limited Total Other financial liabilities:	2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 As at M	arch 31 2023 1, 1, 1, 1, ₹ in Milliarch 31

₹ in Millions

198 13 16 (37) (9) (4) 177 188 (7) 13 4 (37)

165

(13)

(3)

Provision for employee benefits

Total

As at March 31			
2024	2023		
120	98		
120	98		

Defined benefit plan and long term employment benefit

A General description:

Leave wages [Long term employment benefit]:

The leave encashment scheme is administered through Life Insurance Corporation of India's Employees' Group Leave Encashment cum Life Assurance [Cash Accumulation] Scheme. The employees of the company are entitled to leave as per the leave policy of the company. The liability on account of accumulated leave as on last day of the accounting year is recognised [net of the fair value of plan assets as at the balance sheet date] at present value of the defined obligation at the balance sheet date based on the actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary using projected unit credit method.

Gratuity [Defined benefit plan]:

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed continuous services of five years or more gets a gratuity on death or resignation or retirement at 15 days salary [last drawn salary] for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy. The plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary increment risk.

Investment risk:

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.

Interest risk:

A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

Closing fair value of plan assets

Total actuarial losses/ [gains] to be recognised

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk:

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability. Millions

175

11

							₹ in Million
		Marc	h 31, 2024			March 31, 2023	
		Medical Leave Lea	ve Wages	Gratuity	Medical Leave	Leave Wages	Gratuity
В	Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:						
	Opening obligation	28	96	177	30	102	19
	Interest cost	2	6	12	2	6	1
	Current service cost	6	23	16	6	13	10
	Benefits paid	(10)	(22)	(17)	(13)	(22)	(3:
	Actuarial [gains]/ losses on obligation						
	Experience Adjustments	10	10	1	4	(1)	(
	Change in financial assumptions	-	1	2	(1)	(2)	(•
	Closing obligation	36	114	191	28	96	17
С	Change in the fair value of plan assets:						
	Opening fair value of plan assets	-	5	165	-	5	18
	Transfer in Obligation	-	-	-	-	-	
	Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	-	-	7	-	-	(
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-	11	-	-	1
	Contributions by employer	-	-	9	-	-	
	Benefits paid	-	-	(17)	-	-	(3:

10

		Medical Leave Le	ch 31, 2024	Gratuity	Medical Leave	March 31, 2023 Leave Wages	Gratuity
D	Actual return on plan assets:		are mages	- Cracarcy	r realizar zeure	Leave Trages	G. d. d. c.,
_	Expected return on plan assets	_	_	11	_	_	13
	Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	_	_	7	_	_	(7
	Total actual return on plan assets	_	-	18	_	-	(
E	Amount recognised in the balance sheet:				20	25	4
	Liabilities at the end of the year	36	114	191	28	96	177
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year		(5)	(175)	-	(5)	(165
	Liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet [*]	36	109	16	28	91	12
F	Expenses/ [Incomes] recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	:					
	Current service cost	6	23	16	6	13	16
	Interest cost on benefit obligation	2	6	12	2	6	13
	Expected return on plan assets	_	_	(11)	_	-	(13
	Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	_	_		_	-	-
	Net actuarial gains/ [losses] in the year	10	11	-	3	(3)	-
	Amount included in "Employee Benefits Expense"	18	40	17	11	16	1
	Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	-	_	(7)			
	Net actuarial losses/ [gains] in the year	-	-	3	-	-	(1
	Amounts recognized in Other Comprehensive income [OCI]	-	_	(4)	-	-	(
3	Movement in net liabilities recognised in Balance sheet:	20	0.1		20	07	
	Opening net liabilities	28	91	12	30	97	1
	Transfer out Obligation	-	-		-	- 16	(
	Expenses as above [Profit & Loss Charge]	18	40	17	11	16	1
	Amount recognised in OCI	-	-	(4)	-	-	(
	Contribution to plan assets	(10)	(22)	(9)	- (12)	- (22)	(
	Benefits Paid	(10)	(22)	-	(13)	(22)	
	Liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet [*]	36	109	16	28	91	1
ı	Principal actuarial assumptions for defined benefit plan and long ter	m employment ber	efit plan:				
	Discount rate	7.20%	7.20%	7.20%	7.40%	7.40%	7.40
	[The rate of discount is considered based on market yield on Government Bo	nds having currency a	and terms in co	onsistence with	the currency and	terms of the post er	nployment
	benefit obligations.]						
	Annual increase in salary cost		9%			9%	
	[The estimates of future salary increases are considered in actuarial valuation	n, taking into account	inflation, senio	ority, promotion	and other relevar	nt factors such as su	pply and
	demand in the employment market.]						
	Withdrawal rates [p.a.]	40% at younger		ng to 1% at	40% at you	inger ages reducing	to 1% at
	- -	0	lder ages		•	older ages	
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type	0	lder ages		•	older ages	
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees]	0	lder ages		•	older ages	
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are:	of sector the Compan	Ider ages y operates in a	and measures t	aken by the mana	older ages gement to retain/ re	lieve the
I	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan	of sector the Compan	Ider ages y operates in a	and measures t	aken by the mana	older ages	lieve the
ı	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year	of sector the Compan 0% • will be ₹ 16 Millions	y operates in a	and measures t 100% : ₹ 16 Millions].	aken by the mana	older ages gement to retain/ re 100%	lieve the
I	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the	of sector the Compan 0% • will be ₹ 16 Millions	y operates in a	and measures t 100% : ₹ 16 Millions].	aken by the mana	older ages gement to retain/ re 100%	lieve the
ī	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis:	of sector the Compan 0% • will be ₹ 16 Millions	y operates in a	and measures t 100% : ₹ 16 Millions].	aken by the mana	older ages gement to retain/ re 100%	lieve the
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below:	of sector the Compan 0% will be ₹ 16 Millions e end of the reporting	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25	100% : ₹ 16 Millions]. years [as at Magenta and Mag	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years].	elieve the 100
[[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis:	of sector the Compan 0% • will be ₹ 16 Millions	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25	and measures t 100% : ₹ 16 Millions]. · years [as at M.	ow arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages	older ages gement to retain/ re 100%	elieve the 100
ı.	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below:	of sector the Compan 0% will be ₹ 16 Millions e end of the reporting	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25	and measures t 100% ₹ 16 Millions]. years [as at M. Leave As at	ow arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8 years].	llieve the 100 ₹ in Million
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions	of sector the Compan 0% will be ₹ 16 Millions e end of the reporting	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25	and measures t 100% : ₹ 16 Millions]. · years [as at M.	ow arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years].	elieve the 100 ₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the interest of the reporting of the re	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25]	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8 years]. Gratu	tlieve the 10 ₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting of the r	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25]	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5)	tlieve the 100 ₹ in Millio ity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the interest of the reporting of the re	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25]	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8 years]. Gratu	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millic
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting o	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1	100% ₹ 16 Millions]. years [as at M. Leave As at 2024	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% (8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millic
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the following the sector of the reporting of the	100% 100% [Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1	100% : ₹ 16 Millions]. years [as at Millions]. Leave As at 2024 (3) 4	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 3	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millic
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting o	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1	100% ₹ 16 Millions]. years [as at M. Leave As at 2024	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% (8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5	tlieve the 10 ₹ in Millio ity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting Medical Le 2024 (1) 1 (1)	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25]	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8.8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3)	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millic
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting o	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0)	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0	lieve the 10 ₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting Medical Le 2024 (1) 1 (1)	y operates in a 100% [Previous year period is 5.25]	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 8.8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3)	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting o	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0)	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0	llieve the 10 ₹ in Millic
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0	tlieve the 10 ₹ in Millicity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0	tieve the 10 ₹ in Millicity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0)	tlieve the 10 ₹ in Millio ity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10%	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 28 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0)	₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% The following payments are expected contributions to the defined be within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period]	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0) 4 As at Mai 2024 74	₹ in Millicity 2023 ₹ in Millicity 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% The following payments are expected contributions to the defined be within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0) As at Mai 2024 74 176	₹ in Millic the ₹ in Millic the ₹ in Millic ₹ in Millic 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% The following payments are expected contributions to the defined between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 5 2 (3) 0 (0) 10 4 4 176 107	₹ in Millio tity 2023 ₹ in Millio ch 11 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% The following payments are expected contributions to the defined be within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0) As at Mai 2024 74 176	₹ in Millio tity 2023 ity ity 2023 1 1
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years Total expected payments	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the reporting end of the reporting of the reporti	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 18 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 5 2 (3) 0 (0) 10 4 4 176 107	₹ in Millic tch 31 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% The following payments are expected contributions to the defined between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the Polymer of the P	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% (8 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 5 2 (3) 0 (0) As at Mai 2024 74 176 107 357	₹ in Millio tity 2023 ₹ in Millio rch 31 2023 1 1 3
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years Total expected payments	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the Polymer of the P	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	₹ in Millio rch 31 2023 ₹ in Millio rch 31 3 ₹ in Millio
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years Total expected payments Liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the Polymer of the P	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100	₹ in Millio ity 2023 ₹ in Millio rch 31 2023
	[The estimates of level of attrition is based on broad economic outlook, type employees] The categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets are: Insurance plan The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation as at the Sensitivity analysis: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is shown below: Assumptions Impact on obligation: Discount rate increase by 0.5% Discount rate decrease by 0.5% Annual salary cost increase by 0.5% Annual salary cost decrease by 0.5% Withdrawal rate increase by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Withdrawal rate decrease by 10% Within the next 12 months [next annual reporting period] Between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 10 years Total expected payments	of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of sector the Companion of the Polymer of the P	y operates in a 100% (Previous year period is 5.25 ave 2023 (1) 1 1 (1) (0) 0	100% 100%	0% arch 31, 2023: 5.2 Wages March 31 2023 (3) 3 (3) (1)	older ages gement to retain/ re 100% 88 years]. Gratu 2024 (5) 5 2 (3) 0 (0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	₹ in Millio tity 2023 ₹ in Millio rch 31 2023 ₹ in Millio rch 31

₹ in Millions

						₹ in Millions
		As at	Impact for	As at	Impact for	As at
		March 31	the pervious	March 31	the current	March 31
		2022	year	2023	year	2024
	Deferred tax liabilities:					
	Depreciation	8,274	(1,173)	7,101	(1,152)	5,949
		8,274	(1,173)	7,101	(1,152)	5,949
	Deferred tax assets:					
	Employee benefits/ Payable to statutory authorities	29	(23)	6	28	34
	Unabsorbed depreciation	2,204	(650)	1,554	(599)	955
	Provision for Expiry and Breakages	57	16	73	-	73
	Disallowance under section 35DD of Income tax Act	2	(2)	-	-	-
	Disallowance under section 40(a)(ia) of Income tax Act	5	14	19	(14)	5
	Others	4	-	4	3	7
		2,301	(645)	1,656	(582)	1,074
	Minimum alternative tax credit entitlement	1,051	-	1,051	188	1,239
	Net deferred tax liabilities	4,922	(528)	4,394	(758)	3,636
F.	E. The Company has an unabsorbed depreciation of ₹ 3,059 Millions [March 31 2023: ₹ 4,945 Millions] which is available for offset against future taxable profits of the Company. Unabsorbed depreciation is allowed to be set-off for indefinite period. F. MAT Credit not recognised as at March 31, 2024 is ₹ 354 Millions [March 31,2023: ₹ 541 Millions]. Such MAT credit has not been recognised and included as a component of deferred tax asset in the balance sheet, as, on the basis of the assessment made by the management on the Company's profitability and operational plans in the foreseeable future, the management is of the view that presently, there is no convincing evidence that the Company would be liable to pay income tax under the normal provisions of the Income-tax Act for the periods up to which the Company is elicible to utilise the unused MAT credit. Further, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company can elect to exercise the option permitted u/s 115BAA of the Income- tax Act, 1961 consequent to which the entire MAT credit would no longer be allowed for utilisation.					
lote: 21 -	Other non-current liabilities:					
					1	₹ in Millions
						arch 31
					2024	2023
	red revenue government grants				7	-
Total					7	-
ote: 22 -	Borrowings:					
					A + M	₹ in Millions

As at March 31

2023

3,130

625

3,755

830

2,925

3,755

2024

1,000

2,375

3,375

635

1,740

2,375

Note: 20 - Deferred tax liabilities [net]:

Loans repayable on demand:

Total

Total

Loans from related parties [Unsecured] [**]

Holding Company:
a. Zydus Wellness Limited

Fellow Subsidiary Company: a. Zydus Healthcare Limited

Working Capital Loans from banks [Unsecured] [*]

[**] Terms of repayment of Unsecured Borrowing:

Current Maturities of long term debt from related parties [Unsecured] [**]

[*] The loans are repayable within a period of 1 year along with applicable of interest.

The loans are repayable within a period of 1 year along with applicable of interest. Name of the party and relationship with the party from whom received:

A. Break up of deferred tax liabilities and assets into major components of the respective balances are as under:

23 -Trade payables:						
					As at M	₹ in Millior arch 31
					2024	2023
Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises [*] Dues to other than Micro and Small Enterprises					302 3,084	15 2,65
otal					3,386	2,81
*] Disclosure in respect of Micro and Small Enterprises:						
A. Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at year end					302	1
B. Interest due thereonC. Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MS	MED Act, along with t	the amount of the	e payment made	to the supplier		-
beyond the appointed day during the year.					1	
D. Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making pay year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act.	ment (which have be	en paid but beyo	nd the appointed	d day during the	-	-
E. Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accou					-	-
F. Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding year The above information has been compiled in respect of parties to the extent to		identified as Micr	o and Small Ente	erprises on the	-	-
basis of information available with the Company.	,					
geing of Trade payables :						
As at March 31, 2024		Outstanding fo	or following ne	riods from due	date of payment	₹ in Million
articulars	Not Due	Less than 1			More than 3	Total
		year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	years	
disputed Micro and Small Enterprises [MSME] disputed Others	301 2,269	1 797	15	2	1	30 3,08
outed MSME	-	-	-			-
outed Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
al	2,570	798	15	2	1	3,38
As at March 21, 2022						T in Maile
As at March 31, 2023		Outstanding	for following pe	eriods from due da	ite of payment	₹ in Millior
ticulars	Not Due	Less than 1	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	More than 3	Total
isputed Micro and Small Enterprises [MSME]	159	year -	-	-	years -	15
isputed Others	1,897	758	3	-	1	2,65
uted MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
uted Others	-	- 758	- 3	-	- 1	2,8
1	2 056				1	2,0
4 - Other financial liabilities:	2,056	730			As at Ma 2024	arch 31 2023
4 - Other financial liabilities:	2,056	730				arch 31 2023
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] yable to employees	2,056	730			2024 110 96	2023 8
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] yable to employees tal		730			2024 110	2023 8
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] vable to employees tal		730			2024 110 96	2023 8
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited		730			2024 110 96	2023 8 10 18
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company		730			2024 110 96 206	2023 { 10 18
Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited		730			2024 110 96 206	2023
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited		730			2024 110 96 206 81	2023
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] vable to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total		730			2024 110 96 206 81	2023
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110	2023
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] vable to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110	arch 31 2023 {
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities:		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110	arch 31 2023 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
arest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	arch 31 2023 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants rances from customers		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	arch 31 2023 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
4 - Other financial liabilities: erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants rances from customers		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	2023 8 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	₹ in Millio arch 31 2023 1. 1. 2023 2023
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	arch 31 2023 1 1 1 1 ₹ in Millio arch 31 2023 203 3
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4	arch 31 2023 1 1 1 1 ₹ in Millio arch 31 2023 2 3
rest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total Total - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024	₹ in Millio arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millio arch 31 2023
rest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total Total - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M 2024 41	₹ in Millio arch 31 2023 ₹ in Millio arch 31 2023
- Other financial liabilities: rest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] bible to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total - Other current liabilities: tible to statutory authorities perred revenue government grants sunces from customers al - Provisions: ision for employee benefits [*] ision for claims for product expiry and return of goods [**]		730			2024 110 96 206 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024	₹ in Millic arch 31 1 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023 2 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023
arest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al 5 - Provisions: vision for employee benefits [*] vision for claims for product expiry and return of goods [**] al [] Refer Note 19.		730			2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at Mi 2024 273 4 71 348 As at Mi 2024 41 231	₹ in Millic arch 31 1 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023 2 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al 5 - Provisions: vision for employee benefits [*] vision for claims for product expiry and return of goods [**] al Refer Note 19. *] Provision for claims for product expiry and return of goods:	ies are as under:			es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	₹ in Millic arch 31 1 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023 2 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023
rest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al 5 - Provisions: vision for employee benefits [*] vision for daims for product expiry and return of goods [**] al Refer Note 19.	ies are as under:	d on the manag	ement's estimate	es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	₹ in Millic arch 31 1 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023 2 ₹ in Millic arch 31 2023
rest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees al Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total i- Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities erred revenue government grants ances from customers al i- Provisions: vision for employee benefits [*] vision for daims for product expiry and return of goods [**] al Refer Note 19. Provision for claims for product expiry and return of goods: a. Provision for product expiry claims in respect of products sold during the	ies are as under:	d on the manag	ement's estimate	es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	arch 31 2023 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
arest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] able to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: able to statutory authorities terred revenue government grants tances from customers tal 6 - Provisions: vision for employee benefits [*] vision for claims for product expiry and return of goods [**] tal [] Refer Note 19. **Provision for product expiry and return of goods: a. Provision for product expiry claims in respect of products sold during the estimated stock lying with retailers. The Company does not expect such of b. The movement in such provision is stated as under: Opening balance at the beginning of the financial year	ies are as under:	d on the manag	ement's estimate	es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	arch 31 2023 8 10 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] yable to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total 5 - Other current liabilities: Total	ies are as under:	d on the manag	ement's estimate	es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	arch 31 2023 8 10 18 5 3 8 ₹ in Millior arch 31 2023 25 ₹ in Millior 36 36 18 18 18 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
erest accrued but not due on borrowings [*] yable to employees tal Details of interest accrued but not due on borrowings to Related Part Holding Company a Zydus Wellness Limited Fellow Subsidiary Company a Zydus Healthcare Limited Total Total	ies are as under:	d on the manag	ement's estimate	es considering the	2024 110 96 206 81 81 29 110 As at M. 2024 273 4 71 348 As at M. 2024 41 231 272	2023 8 10 18 10 18 5 3 8 ₹ in Millior arch 31 2023 6 36 ₹ in Millior

		₹ in Million
	As at M	
	2024	2023
Contingent liabilities:		
a Other money for which the Company is contingently liable: [*]		
i In respect of Sales Tax and VAT matters pending before appellate authorities/ court which the Company expects to succeed, based on decisions	889	97
of Tribunals/ Courts	137	12
- Net of advance of		13
ii In respect of the demands raised by the Central Excise, State Excise & Service Tax Authority	128	13
- Net of advance of	12	1
iii In respect of Income Tax matters pending before appellate authorities which the Company expects to succeed, based on decisions of Tribunals,	1,758	2,07
Courts - Net of advance of	400	10
	182	183
iv In respect of Stamp Duty and other matters	203	20
- Net of advance of	4	
[*] The Company has signed tax indemnity with erstwhile seller shareholder of acquired Heinz India Private Limited that purchasing buyer shall have the rights to make a tax indemnity claim to extent of the loss suffered by the Company for the period prior to acquisition. Of the above ₹ 2,734 Millions (Net of advance of ₹ 310 Millions) and ₹ 3,167 Millions (Net of advance of ₹ 303 Millions) as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, respectively, is covered under agreed tax indemnity clause and reimbursable from erstwhile shareholder of the Heinz India Private Limited on the amount being crystalized. 3 Commitments:	5	
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	33	13
- Net of advance of	7	2
	-	
te: 28 - Revenue from operations:		
	Year ended	₹ in Million
	2024	2023
Sale of products	22,761	22,08
Other operating revenues:	22//02	22,00
Miscellaneous income	131	15
Total	22,892	22,23
	,	,
Pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" reconciliation of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss		
with the contracted price is under:	24 205	22.70
Revenue as per contracted price, net of returns	24,395	23,70
Less:		-
Provision for claims for product expiry and return of goods [net] Discounts/ Price Reduction/ Rebates	1,634	5/ 1,57
Discourtsy Frice Reductionly Revotes	1,634	1,628
	•	
Revenue from contract with customers	22,761	22,08
te: 29 - Other income:		
		₹ in Million
	Year ended	
	2024	2023
Finance income:		
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	99	
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments	14	
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment	14 2	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss	14 2 4	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income	14 2 4 4	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss	14 2 4	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income	14 2 4 4	2
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total	14 2 4 4	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income	14 2 4 4 123	- 2 ₹ in Million
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total	14 2 4 4 123	- 2 ₹ in Million March 31
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories:	14 2 4 4 123	- 2 ₹ in Million
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement:	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024	₹ in Million March 31 2023
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024	₹ in Millior March 31 2023
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,51
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,51 27
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,51
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close:	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437	₹ in Million March 31 2023 99 1,53 27 2,74
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total Total Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close: Work-in-progress Work-in-progress	14 2 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437 (1,526)	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,55 27 2,74 (1,14
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close: Work-in-progress Finished goods Finished goods	14 2 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437 (1,526) (1,749)	₹ in Millior March 31 2023 95 1,51 27 2,74 (1,14 (2,04
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close: Work-in-progress Work-in-progress	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437 (1,526) (1,749) (263)	₹ in Millior March 31 2023 95 1,51 27 2,74 (1,14 (2,04 (24)
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437 (1,526) (1,749) (263) (3,538)	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,55 27 2,74 (1,14 (2,04 (24 (3,43
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Net gain on sale of investments Net gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Gain on investments mandatorily measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss Other non-operating income Total te: 30 - Changes in inventories: Stock at commencement: Work-in-progress Finished goods Stock-in-trade Less: Stock at close: Work-in-progress Finished goods Finished goods	14 2 4 4 123 Year ended 2024 1,148 2,047 242 3,437 (1,526) (1,749) (263)	₹ in Million March 31 2023 95 1,51 27 2,74 (1,14 (2,04 (24

		₹ in Millions
	Year ended	
	2024	2023
Salaries and wages	1,434	1,222
Contribution to provident and other funds [*]	94	60
Staff welfare expenses	41	47
Total	1,569	1,329
Above expenses include:		
Research related expenses:		
Salaries and wages	5	3:
Contribution to provident and other funds	-	:
Staff welfare expenses	1	
Total	6	3!
Whole-time Director's Remuneration	59	4
[*] The Company's contribution towards the defined contribution plan	74	4.
The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution plans for qualifying employees, as specified under the law. The contributions are paid to the Provident Fund Trust set up by the Company or to the respective Regional Provident Fund Commissioner under the Pension Scheme.		
The Company is generally liable for annual contribution and any shortfall in the trust fund assets based on the government specified minimum rate of		
return and recognises such contribution and shortfall, if any, as an expense in the year it is incurred.		
ote: 32 - Finance cost:		
		₹ in Million
	Year ended	
	2024	2023
Interest expense [*]	366	25
Bank commission and charges	1	25
Total	367	25
[*] Interest expenses includes:	_	0
On term loans On working capital loans	1 359	8 16
On lease liabilities	5	10
On others	1	
Total	366	25
1641	500	
ote: 33 - Other expenses:		
		₹ in Million
	Year ended	
Construction of states and source and	2024 70	2023
Consumption of stores and spare parts Power and fuel	70 374	40
Labour charges	325	29
Labora charges	83	5
Repairs to buildings	10	1
Repairs to plant and machinery	39	3
Repairs to others	84	6
Insurance	69	6
Rates and taxes [excluding taxes on income]	93	
		11
	123	
Traveling expenses	123 249	9
		9
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*]	249	9 8 20
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales	249 234	9 8 20 77
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales	249 234 828	9 8 20 77 2,41
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions	249 234 828 2,791	9 8 20 77 2,41
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances	249 234 828 2,791 125	9 8 20 77 2,41
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses	249 234 828 2,791 125 680	9 8 20 77 2,41 7
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses	249 234 828 2,791 125 680	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss	249 234 828 2,791 125 680	-
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - -
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - -
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7	9 8 20 77 2,411 7 68 - - - - 30
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 7	9 8 20 77 2,411 7 68 - - - - 30
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - - 30
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 7	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - - - 30
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows:	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - - 30
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715	9 8 20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715	20 20 77 2,41 68 - - - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include:	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715	20 20 77 2,41 68 - - - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include: a Payment to the Statutory Auditors [excluding Taxes]:	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 318 - 213 6,715 1 20 21	20 20 77 2,41 68 - - - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include: a Payment to the Statutory Auditors [excluding Taxes]: As Auditor [₹ 2,418,200 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 2,260,000)]	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715 1 20 21	20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include: a Payment to the Statutory Auditors [excluding Taxes]:	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715 1 20 21	20 20 77 2,41 68 - - - - - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit loss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include: a Payment to the Statutory Auditors [excluding Taxes]: As Auditor [₹ 2,418,200 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 2,260,000)] For Other Services [₹ 500,440 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 389,925)]	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715 1 20 21	20 77 2,41 7 68 - - - 30 22 5,97
Traveling expenses Legal and professional fees [*] Commission on sales Freight and forwarding on sales Advertisement and sales promotions Representative allowances Other marketing expenses Allowances of credit losses Trade receivables written off Expected credit losss Less: Transferred from expected credit loss Royalty expense Net Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous expenses Total Above expenses include Research related expenses as follows: Consumption of Stores and spare parts Miscellaneous expenses Total [*] Legal and professional fees include: a Payment to the Statutory Auditors [excluding Taxes]: As Auditor [*] 2,418,200 (March 31, 2023: *] 2,260,000)] For Other Services [*] 500,440 (March 31, 2023: *] 389,925)] Total	249 234 828 2,791 125 680 - 7 7 - 7 318 - 213 6,715 1 20 21 2 1 3	20 77 2,41 68

	Exceptional items:		
			₹ in Millio
		Year ended	March 31
		2024	2023
Fxcen	tional items comprise:		
	As a part of manufacturing and supply chain network optimisation and to make manufacturing operations leaner and agile to the consumer needs, the	177	
Α.	As a part or international management of the constraint of the con	1//	1
	meeting held on June 17, 2022, passed a resolution to cease the operations of Sitarganj manufacturing facility. The expenses incurred so far in		
	connection with the cessation of Sitarganj facility have been classified as Exceptional items		
B.	The Company has sold its assets located at Rabale, Mumbai which were classified as "Assets held for sale" from Property, Plant and Equipment in the	(35)	
	previous financial year (as per Ind AS 105), the corresponding gain have been recognized as Exceptional items.		
Total		142	
iotai		142	
. 25	T.,		
	Tax expenses:		3 :- M:II:
ine r	najor components of income tax expense are:	Very anded	₹ in Mill
		Year ended	
		2024	2023
A.	Statement of profit and loss:		
	Profit or loss section:		
	Current income tax:		
	Current income tax charge	-	
		-	
	Deferred tax:		
	Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(759)	(
	Total reported in profit or loss	(759)	(
	OCI Section:		
	Tax related to items recognised in OCI during in the year:		
	Net loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	1	
	Tax charged to OCI	1	
	Current tax	-	_
	Deferred tax	(759)	(
	Total reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(758)	(
В.	Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate:		
	Loss before tax:	(1,650)	(1,
	Enacted Tax Rate in India (%)	31.21%	31.
	Expected Tax Expenses	(515)	(
	Adjustments for:		
	Effect of Non-taxable Income	(8)	
	Effect of unrecognised deferred tax assets/ liabilities	(229)	(
	Effect of other non-deductible expenses	(6)	,
	Others	(1)	
	Tax expense as per Profit or Loss	(759)	(
: 36 -	Calculation of Earnings per equity share [EPS]:		
		Year ended	March 31
		2024	2023
A. The	numerators and denominators used to calculate the basic and diluted EPS after exceptional items are as follows:		
	A. Loss attributable to Shareholders ₹- in Millions	(891)	(
	B. Basic and weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year Numbers	175,226,041	175,226
	C. Effect of dilution - 7% Optionally Convertible Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares Numbers	43,606,742	43,606
	D. Weighted average number of Equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution Numbers	218,832,783	218,832
	E. Nominal value of equity share ₹	10	-,
	· ·	(5.08)	(4
	3. P		
	G. Diluted Earnings per equity share [EPS] ₹	(4.07)	(:
B. The	numerators and denominators used to calculate the basic and diluted EPS before exceptional items are as follows:		
	A. Loss before exceptional items attributable to Shareholders ₹- in Millions	(749)	(
	B. Basic and weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year Numbers	175,226,041	175,226
	C. Effect of dilution - 7% Optionally Convertible Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares Numbers	43,606,742	43,606
	D. Weighted average number of Equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution Numbers	218,832,783	218,832,
	E. Nominal value of equity share ₹	10	
	F. Basic Earnings per equity share [EPS] ₹	(4.27)	(4
	G. Diluted Earnings per equity share [EPS] ₹		(3
	o. Directo Learnings per equity share [LFD]	(3.42)	(.
	Segment Information:		

Note: 38 - Related Party Transactions:

Name of the Related Parties and Nature of the Related Party Relationship:

- a Ultimate Holding Company: Zydus Lifesciences Limited
- Holding Company: Zydus Wellness Limited
- c Subsidiary company: Zydus Wellness (BD) Pvt Limited [Bangladesh]

d Fellow Subsidiaries/ Concerns:

Liva Investments Limited Liva Nutritions Limited

Zydus Wellness International DMCC [Dubai]

Zvdus Healthcare Limited

German Remedies Pharmaceuticals Private Limited Zydus Animal Health and Investments Limited

Dialforhealth Unity Limited Dialforhealth Greencross Limited Violio Healthcare Limited Zydus Pharmaceuticals Limited Biochem Pharmaceutical Private Limited

Zydus Strategic Investments Limited

Zydus VTEC Limited Zydus Foundation *

Recon Pharmaceuticals and Investments, a Partnership Firm

Zydus Netherlands B.V. [the Netherlands] Zydus Lanka (Private) Limited [Sri Lanka] Zvdus Nikkho Farmaceutica Ltda. [Brazil] Alidac Healthcare (Myanmar) Limited [Myanmar] Zydus Healthcare Philippines Inc. [Philippines]

Zynext Ventures USA LLC, [USA] Zydus Lifesciences Global FZE [UAE] LiqMeds Worldwide Limited [UK] LiqMeds Limited [UK]

LiqMeds Lifecare Limited [UK] LM Manufacturing India Private Limited Directors:

Dr. Sharvil P. Patel Ms. Dharmishtaben N. Raval Mr. Ashish Bhargava

Key Managerial Personnel [KMPs]:

Mr. Tarun Arora Mr. Umesh V. Parikh Mr. Nandish P. Joshi Mr. Dhanraj P. Dagar

g Post Employment Benefits Plans:

Zydus Wellness Sikkim Employee Group Gratuity Scheme

Heinz India Private Limited Pension fund

Heinz India Private Limited Provident Fund Enterprises significantly influenced by Directors and/ or their relatives of Holding Company with whom transactions have taken place:

Mukesh M. Patel & Co.

Enterprises significantly influenced by Directors and/ or their relatives of the Company:

Cadmach Machinery Company Private Limited

Zydus Hospitals and Healthcare Research Private Limited

* Zydus Foundation is a company incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and this company is prohibited to give any right over their profits to its members.

Zydus International Private Limited [Ireland] Nesher Pharmaceuticals (USA) LLC [USA] ZvVet Animal Health Inc. [USA] Zvdus Healthcare (USA) LLC [USA] Sentynl Therapeutics Inc. [USA]

Zydus Noveltech Inc. [USA] [dissolved on December 15, 2023] Hercon Pharmaceuticals LLC [USA] [dissolved on May 24, 2023]

Viona Pharmaceuticals Inc. [USA] Zydus Therapeutics Inc. [ZTI] [USA] Zydus Healthcare S.A. (Pty) Ltd [South Africa] Alidac Pharmaceuticals SA Pty. Ltd. [South Africa]

[Formerly known as Simayla Pharmaceuticals (Pty) Ltd] Script Management Services (Pty) Ltd [South Africa]

Zydus France, SAS [France] Laboratorios Combix S.L. [Spain] Etna Biotech S.R.L. [Italv]

Zydus Pharmaceuticals Mexico SA De CV [Mexico]

Zydus Pharmaceuticals Mexico Services Company SA De C.V.[Mexico]

Zydus Worldwide DMCC [Dubai] Zydus Pharmaceuticals UK Ltd., [UK] Zynext Ventures Pte. Ltd., [Singapore] Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc. [USA] LM Manufacturing Limited [UK] Medsolutions (Europe) Limited [UK]

Zydus Pharmaceuticals (Canada) Inc. [Canada]

Chairman Director Nominee Director

Whole Time Director Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary w.e.f. July 30, 2022 Company Secretary upto May 9, 2022

Heinz India Private Limited Employee Provident Fund

Heinz India Private Limited Gratuity fund

Transactions with Related Parties: The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business: $\textbf{a} \quad \text{Details relating to parties referred to in Note 38 - A [a, b, c, d and g]}$ ₹ in Millions Value of the Transactions Holding Company/ Subsidiaries and Fellow Post Employment Benefits Plan Ultimate Holding Company Subsidiaries/ concerns Nature of Transactions Year ended March 31 2023 2023 Sales: Zydus Lifesciences Limited 152 Zydus Wellness Limited 157 Zydus Healthcare Limited 116 83 Zvdus Wellness International DMCC 102 55 Service: Zydus Lifesciences Limited [₹ 171,700 (Previous Year: ₹ 91,514)] Zydus Healthcare Limited **Property, Plant and Equipment:** Zydus Wellness Limited Royalty: Zydus Wellness International DMCC Reimbursement of Expenses Recovered: Zydus Lifesciences Limited Zydus Wellness International DMCC Zydus Wellness Limited Purchase: Goods: Zydus Lifesciences Limited [₹ 248,000] Zvdus Wellness Limited Zydus Healthcare Limited Service: Zvdus Lifesciences Limited Zvdus Wellness Limited Zydus Healthcare Limited Zydus Wellness (BD) Pvt Limited **Property, Plant and Equipment:**

		102	33		
0	0	_	_	_	_
-	-	22	12	-	-
3	4	-	-	-	-
-	-	15	20	-	-
42	_		_	_	_
	_	11	10		_
13	-		-	_	-
-	0	-	-	-	-
2,079	2,169	-	-	-	-
-	-	1	-	-	-
17	15				
25	12				_
-	-	15	15	_	_
_	-	3	11	_	-
11	0	-	-	-	-
-	0	-	-	-	-
-	-	1			
318	200				
318	308	-	-	-	-
11	9	_	_	_	-
-	38	_	-	-	-
-	-	-	31	-	-
		590	2,670		
835	830	-	2,670		_
033	0.50				
200	980	_	-	-	-
-	-	1,775	3,100	-	-
155	107	-	-	-	-
-	-	149	139	-	-
-	-	-	-	9	4
-	-	_	-	23	27
-	-	-	-	32	32
-	-	-	-	4	5
					₹ in Millions

value of the Transactions					
Holding Company/ Ultimate Holding Company		Subsidiaries and Fellow Subsidiaries/ concerns		Post Employment Benefits Pla	
	As at March 31				
2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
-	-	81	50	-	-
2,782	2,069	-	-	-	-
46	34	-		-	-

1,751

Outstanding Receivable:

Zydus Wellness International DMCC

Zydus Wellness Limited [₹ 277,883] Zydus Lifesciences Limited [₹ 100,000] Zydus Healthcare Limited

Zydus Wellness Limited Reimbursement of Expenses: Zvdus Lifesciences Limited Zydus Wellness Limited Investments/Redemption: Subscription to Share capital: Zydus Wellness (BD) Pvt Limited

Inter Corporate Loan accepted: Zydus Healthcare Limited Zydus Wellness Limited Inter Corporate Loan repaid to: Zydus Wellness Limited Zvdus Healthcare Limited **Interest Expenses:** Zydus Wellness Limited Zvdus Healthcare Limited

Royalty:

Finance:

contribution):

Outstanding Payable:

Zydus Wellness Limited

Zydus Lifesciences Limited

Zydus Wellness (BD) Pvt Limited

Zydus Healthcare Limited

Details relating to persons referred to in Note 38-A [e] and [f] above:

(i) Salaries and other employee benefits to Whole time directors and KMPs

Contributions during the year (includes Employee's share and

Zydus Wellness Sikkim Employee Group Gratuity Scheme Heinz India Private Limited Provident Fund Heinz India Private Limited Employee Provident Fund Heinz India Private Limited Pension Fund

(ii) Outstanding payable to above (i)

Details relating to persons referred to in Note 38-A [h] and [i] above:

(i) Purchase of services

(ii) Purchase of goods [₹ 73,542 (Previous Year: ₹ 251,976]

(iii) Outstanding payable to above (c) [₹ 25,000]

50	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
3	-	-
2,927	-	-

₹ in Millions						
Year ended March 31						
2024	2023					
59	45					
2	2					
2	2					
0	0					
0	-					

Note: 39 - Financial instruments:

(i) Fair values hierarchy:

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data relying as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(ii) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements:

₹ in Millions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2023				
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments at FVTPL								
Mutual funds	721	-	-	721	431	-	-	431
Total	721	-	-	721	431	-	-	431

(iii) Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed.

Financial Assets: The carrying amounts of trade receivables and other financial assets [other than investment in preference shares], cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the approximately equal to the fair values.

Financial Liabilities: The carrying amounts of loans, other financial liabilities and trade payables are considered to be approximately equal to the fair values. Fair values of investment in preference shares were calculated based on cash flows discounted using the applicable adjusted market interest rates.

Note: 40 - Financial risk management:

(i) Financial instruments by category:

₹ in Millions

		As at Marc	h 31, 2024			As at Mar	ch 31, 2023	
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised	Total	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised	Total
			Cost				Cost	
Financial assets								
Investments [other than investment in subsidiary]	728	-	-	728	431	-	-	431
Trade receivables	-	-	2,683	2,683	-	-	1,960	1,960
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	623	623	-	-	168	168
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,591	1,591	-	-	7	7
Other financial assets	-	-	328	328	-	-	269	269
Total	728	-	5,225	5,953	431	-	2,404	2,835
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	5,375	5,375	-	-	4,925	4,925
Lease liabilities	-	-	40	40	-	-	45	45
Trade payables	-	-	3,386	3,386	-	-	2,818	2,818
Other financial liabilities	_	-	212	212	-	-	186	186
Total	-	-	9,013	9,013	-	-	7,974	7,974

(ii) Risk Management:

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

The Company's risk management is done in close co-ordination with the board of directors and focuses on actively securing the Company short, medium and long-term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to volatile financial markets. Long-term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed are described below:

A. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. The Company's is exposed to credit risk from trade receivables, bank deposits and other financial assets. The Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of the counter party taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual customer limits are set accordingly.

- i Investments at Amortised Cost: They are investments in the normal course of business of the company.
- Bank deposits: The Company maintains its Cash and cash equivalents and Bank deposits with reputed and highly rated banks Hence, there is no significant credit risk on such deposits
- Loans to related parties: They are given for business purposes. The Company reassesses the recoverability of loans periodically. Interest recoveries from these loans are regular and there is no event of defaults.

 Trade Receivable: The Company trades with recognized and credit worthy third parties. It is the Company's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit
- verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an on-going basis with the result that the Company exposure to bad debts is not significant.

 V There are no significant credit risks with related parties of the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-payment by customers. Credit risk concentration with respect
- to trade receivables is mitigated by the Company large customer base. Adequate expected credit losses are recognized as per the assessments. No single third party customer contributes to more than 10% of outstanding accounts receivable [excluding outstanding from subsidiaries] as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

The Company has used expected credit loss [ECL] model for assessing the impairment loss. For the purpose, the Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss amount. The provision matrix takes into account external and internal risk factors and historical data of credit losses from various customers.

Financial assets for which loss allowances is measured using the expected credit loss:

₹ in Millions

Particulars -		larch 31
		2023
Trade receivables:		
Less than 180 days	2,636	1,931
180 - 365 days	47	29
Total	2,683	1,960

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables:

₹ in Millions

Particulars		arch 31
		2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	15	15
Addition	7	-
Balance at the end of the year	22	15
Other than trade receivables, the Company has no significant class of financial assets that is past due but not impaired		

B. Liquidity risk:

- a Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to me obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.
- b Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Company liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Maturities of financial liabilities:

The tables below analyse the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Particulars		As at March 31, 2024					
		1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total		
Non-derivatives financial liabilities							
Borrowings [including interest accrued but not due]	3,575	2,102	_	_	5,677		
Lease liabilities	18	19	8	3	48		
Trade payables	3,386	-	-	-	3,386		
Other financial liabilities [excluding interest accrued but not due]	96	-	-	6	102		
Total	7,075	2,121	8	9	9,213		

					₹ In Millions	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023					
Particulars	< 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	Total	
Non-derivatives financial liabilities						
Borrowings [including interest accrued but not due]	3,907	1,303	-	-	5,210	
Lease liabilities	15	16	16	6	53	
Trade payables	2,818	-	-	-	2,818	
Other financial liabilities [excluding interest accrued but not due]	104	-	-	2	106	
Total	6,844	1,319	16	8	8,187	

C. Foreign currency risk:

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the US Dollar and Other currency. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company's operations in foreign currency creates natural foreign currency hedge This results in insignificant net open foreign currency exposures considering the volumes and operations of the Company.

a Foreign currency risk exposure:

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period is expressed as follows:

₹ in Millions

Particulars		March 31
ratticulais	2024	2023
	Exposu	re of USD
Financial assets:		
Trade receivable	93	58
Total exposure to foreign currency risk [assets]	93	58
Financial liabilities:		
Trade payable	1	3
Total exposure to foreign currency risk [liabilities]	1	3
Net exposure to foreign currency risk [assets]	92	55
		Other Foreign rency
Financial liabilities:		
Trade payable	2	2
Total exposure to foreign currency risk [liabilities]	2	2
Net exposure to foreign currency risk [liabilities]	(2)	(2)

Sensitivity:

The sensitivity of profit or loss and equity to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

R III MIIIIONS					
			ch 31, 2024		h 31, 2023
Particulars	Moveme	ent in	Impact on PAT	Movement in	Impact on
	Rate	*	Impact on PAT	Rate *	PAT
USD		1.5%	1	8%	3
USD	(1	L. 5 %)	(1)	(8%)	(3)
Others		1%	(0)	6%	(0)
Others		(1%)	0	(6%)	0

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

D. Interest rate risk:

The Company policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on financing. As at March 31, 2024, the Company is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at fixed interest rates. The Company investments in Fixed Deposits are at fixed interest rates.

Sensitivity:

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates:

₹ in Millions

Particulars		As at March 31	
Faithurias	Rate *	2024	2023
Interest rates	0.50%	18	17
Interest rates	(0.50%)	(18)	(17)

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

The Company exposure to price risk arises from investments in equity and mutual funds held by the Company and classified in the balance sheet as fair value through OCI and at fair value through profit or loss respectively, to manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities and mutual funds, the Company diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Company.

(b) Sensitivity- Mutual Funds:

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases of the index on the Company equity and profit and loss for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the price of the instrument has increased by 2% or decreased by 2% with all other variables held constant.

₹ in Millions

Particulars		As at March 31	
Faituals	Rate *	2024	2023
Mutual Funds [Quoted]			
Increase	2%	10	6
Decrease	(2%)	(10)	(6)

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

Note: 41 - Capital management:

The Company capital management objectives are

- to ensure the Company ability to continue as a going concern
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Management assesses the Company capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

Particulars		arch 31
		2023
Gross debts ₹ in Millions	5,375	4,925
Total equity ₹ in Millions	25,347	26,235
Gross debt to equity ratio [No. of times]	0.21	0.19

As at March 31,2024 and March 31,2023, there are no covenant applicable to the Company.

Note: 42 - Leases:

Relating to statement of financial position:

The Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all risk and rewards of ownership of the underlying asset to the Company. Under Ind AS 116, the Company recognises right to use assets and lease liabilities for most leases.

Right of use assets are part of financial statement caption "Property plant and equipment'. Depreciation and impairment is similar to measurement of owned assets. Interest is part of financial statement caption "Finance cost".

₹ in Millions Leasehold Building Total Right of use assets Land Balance as at April 1, 2022 [net] 148 52 200 Depreciation charge for the ye (2) (12) (14)Balance as at March 31, 2023 [net] 146 40 186 Additions during the year 8 Asset classified as held for sale [Refer Note- 3 (A)] (94) (94) Depreciation charge for the year (2) (13)(15)Balance as at March 31, 2024 [net] 50 35 85

The Company has paid the upfront Lease premium at the time of execution of lease deed and does not owe any lease obligations under this leasehold land arrangement.

Movement in lease liabilities:

₹ in Millions

(III Pillions				
Lease liabilities –		arch 31		
		2023		
Balance at the beginning of the year	45	54		
Additions	8	-		
Redemptions	(13)	(9)		
Balance at the end of the year	40	45		
of which:				
Non-Current portions	26	34		
Current portions	14	11		

Maturity analysis of lease liabilities:

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. The undiscounted maturity analysis of lease liabilities is as follows:

₹ in Millions

Minimum lease payments due		As at March 31	
		2023	
Within 1 years	18	15	
1-5 years	30	38	
Total	48	53	

Note: 43-Analytical Ratios:

S.No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2023-2024	FY 2022-2023	% of variance	Refer Note
1	Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.50	1.10	36%	i, ii, iii
2	Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	Total Debt	Equity	0.21	0.19	11%	-
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	7.31	11.68	(37%)	iv
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Net Profits after taxes	Average shareholder equity	(3.45)	(3.09)	12%	-
5	Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Net Sales	Average Inventory	5.01	5.49	(9%)	-
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Net Sales	Average Trade Receivables	9.80	13.46	(27%)	ii, vi
7	Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Net Purchases	Average Trade Payables	6.52	6.58	(1%)	-
8	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Net Sales	Working Capital	5.93	29.05	(80%)	i, ii, vi
9	Net profit ratio (in %)	Net Profits	Net Sales	(3.91)	(3.72)	5%	-
10	Return on Capital employed (in %)	Earnings before interest and taxes	Average Capital Employed	(3.67)	(3.00)	22%	-
11	Return on investments (in %)	Income generated from investments	Average of investments	25.06	20.08	25%	-

Notes

- Mainly due to increase in trade payables and fixed deposit.
- Mainly due to increase in trade receivables
- Due to reduction in net debt.
- Mainly due to increase in finance cost on account of proceeds from borrowings.
- Mainly due to increase in capitalisation of asset which resulted into increase in depreciation.
- vi Mainly due to decrease in revenue from operations.

Note: 44:

The Company is exempted from preparation of consolidated financials statements u/s 129(3) of Companies Act, 2013 as its holding company Zydus Wellness Limited is preparing consolidated financial statements which is available on website: www.zyduswellness.com.

Note: 45 - Disclosure of Transaction with Struck Off Companies:

The Company has not entered into any transaction with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the current and previous financial year.

Note: 46:

- The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the year ended on March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail [edit log] facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that no audit trail is enabled at the database level for accounting software SAP S/4 HANA to maintain log for any direct data changes. The Company is in process of implementing the audit trail at the database level.

Note: 47:

Figures of previous reporting periods/ year have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the figures of the current reporting periods.

Signatures to Material Accounting Policies and Notes 1 to 47 to the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For Dhirubhai Shah & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Firm Registration Number: 102511W/W100298

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Anik S. Shah Dr. Sharvil P. Patel Tarun Arora Umesh V. Parikh Nandish P. Joshi Whole Time Director DIN: 07185311 Company Secretary Membership Number: A39036 Partner Chairman Chief Financial Officer Membership Number: 140594 DIN: 00131995 Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024 Date: May 13, 2024